

## Purpose

A little planning goes a long way and there are many benefits. Time and resources put into this should be considered an investment, not a cost. The investment creates direct benefits for your property, for the waterways and for the broader environment. To help you this fact sheet aims to provide some suggestions for getting off to a good start.

## Using this fact sheet

This fact sheet is designed to point you in the right direction. In reading this fact sheet you should remember that there are organisations and advisers willing to help and guide you in preparing and implementing your plan.

Consider asking for help and when asking your questions should include:

- What information and services do you provide?
- What training, workshops, field days are available and how can I find out about future events that might be held
- Are any funding opportunities available for training or on-property works?
- Is there anything else I need to know?

This fact sheet also contains website <u>links</u> to where you may find more usefull information.



This fact sheet has been prepared as part of the delivery of the Byron Shire Draft Rural Land Use Strategy Actions with the support and assistance of Landcare. The Landcare ethic is strongly implied throughout this factsheet; it advocates that caring for the land and its people is an essential element of enjoying the richness that the region has to offer. Working with the local community for the common good is a key philosophy inherent in this factsheet.

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http://brunswickvalleylandcare.org.au/



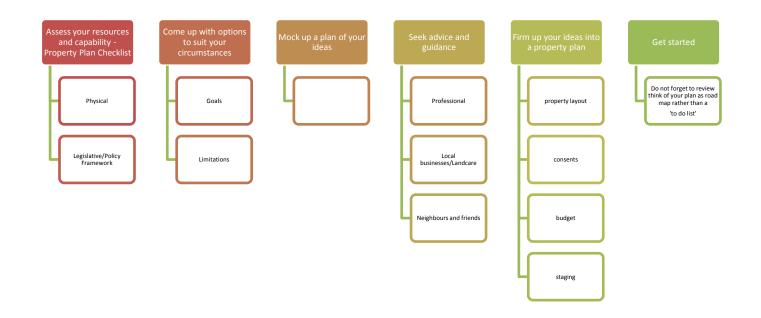
## Let's get started..

Things to consider	Steps you can take	-
Things to consider Heart versus head Hopefully avoiding a personal and financial disaster	<ul> <li>Find a quiet space, sit down and think about your personal goals relating to living the rural lifestyle and how you will achieve them</li> <li>My goals may be:         <ul> <li>Part time farming</li> <li>Commercial farming</li> <li>Self sufficiency</li> </ul> </li> <li>What would I like to have on my land:         <ul> <li>Stock</li> <li>Crops</li> <li>Natural areas</li> <li>Other</li> <li>My limitations:                <ul> <li>Physical</li> <li>Financial</li> <li>Family or social commitments</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Page   2
Take your ideas and seek advice and guidance: Brunswick Valley Landcare welcomes your enquires: http://brunswickvalleylandcare.org.au/	<ul> <li>Other</li> <li>Talk to staff at your Council or Local Land Services about your land's resources/limitations/policy regulations</li> <li>Connect with local farmers, nurseries, suppliers, consultants and contractors</li> <li>Find out what other organisations can help (such as your local Landcare: <u>http://www.landcare.nsw.gov.au/groups</u>)</li> <li>Explore any support available for fencing, planting, etc. (see Brunswick Valley Land Care Information Pack for Land Owners <u>http://brunswickvalleylandcare.org.au/?s=information+pack_ortalk to Council's Development Support Officers</u>).</li> </ul>	
Planning There are people who can help with preparing of a property plan. If you are considering a farm plan the DPI offer a course that may be of interest: <u>http://www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/content/agricult</u> <u>ure/profarm/courses/develop-a-whole- farm-plan</u>	<ul> <li>Create a property plan to work out the best layout and approachmore details are provided below at - 'Property Plan Checklist'</li> <li>Consider threats that could damage fencing and equipment such as flooding, fire or wind and ways to minimise potential impacts</li> <li>Decide a logical order for doing the work or establishing the farm</li> <li>Set realistic timelines for completion of tasks</li> <li>Allow adequate time for site preparation (such as weed removal, plant delivery and structural works)</li> <li>Cost out materials, plants, labour, etc., including ongoing maintenance.</li> <li>Confirm that the plan suits your budget</li> </ul>	
<b>Budgeting</b> Things to consider when costing the work.	<ul> <li>Fences, gates and plants</li> <li>Crossing culverts and bridges (including earthworks)</li> <li>Stock water supply options</li> <li>Consents (e.g. Council fees for applications) http://www.byron.nsw.gov.au/fees-and-charges</li> <li>Use of contractors for preparation, planting or maintenance</li> <li>Maintenance – sprays, pest control and replanting to replace plant losses</li> </ul>	





<b>Consents -</b> This will be important information for you to consider when preparing your property plan as it should respond to the planning expectations of the land's zoning.	<ul> <li>Find out your zoning under the Byron Shire LEP <u>http://www.byron.nsw.gov.au/byron-lep-2014-and-lep-1988</u></li> <li>Find out if consents are required such as for any clearing or bridges (see Fact Sheet: <i>Getting to know policy affecting our rural areas</i> or talk to council)</li> <li>Apply for consents in good time</li> <li>Chat with neighbours early to gain advice and support for your ideas</li> </ul>	Page
Getting started	<ul> <li>Go for steady progress – not a big push</li> <li>If there is a lot to do on your property, do it in stages.</li> <li>Start with the easy and most effective stuff. As you go, you'll learn what works best for you and your property. It will be easier to keep up with maintenance this way too.</li> </ul>	3
Maintenance and monitoring	<ul> <li>Don't underestimate the time and effort required to maintain planted areas.</li> <li>Prepare for plant losses in your budget and for the time necessary for replanting (in well-planned projects losses could be 10-20%).</li> <li>Set up a regular schedule for weeding, drain clearing and replanting as needed</li> <li>Establish processes for monitoring changes in productivity and native vegetation health</li> </ul>	
Momentum	<ul> <li>Progress at a manageable pace.</li> <li>Make it an interesting diversion from daily activities, not just another chore</li> <li>Think about using technology to make your work easier</li> <li>Involve farm staff / family in all aspects of the project so there is a sense of ownership</li> <li>Enjoy and celebrate success</li> </ul>	_



## **Property Plan Checklist and Guide**

A property plan not only helps deliver the best return on your time and investment it may also be requested by council or another approval authority or be an advantage when applying for funding support. A well thought out plan will show an overview of the features of the land in question, the proposed use, and any impacts this intended use may have on that land, on neighbours, the catchment and the wider community. The following checklist will help you to navigate through the requirements of putting together a Property Plan. Use an appropriate size scaled aerial map, detail all relevant site conditions as per this list. You may need to show the different features or stages on a number of copies of the map of your property. Ask the Brunswick Valley Landcare or Council as to what they may be able to assist in providing, or check with the NSW Lands Department-Mapping and Imaging Spatial Services they may be able to assist you in purchasing an aerial photo of your property as a good base plan <u>http://spatialservices.finance.nsw.gov.au/mapping\_and\_imagery</u>.

<b>Checklist Property Plan</b> This could be for your whole property or a special project such as a riparian area restoration.		Plo	Approval/ Consent		
		Existing Aspect or Issue		pposed works or ions eg.	need? 'Tick'
1.	<b>Topography</b> – the lowering or raising of a ground level can have negative effects on drainage, water, soil, vegetation and rural amenity.		contours ridgelines steep rises	retaining wall cut/fill for road or building	
2.	Soil conditions and function – understanding and managing for a healthy soil will increase your productivity, profitability and sustainability.		significant farmland soil types erosion sites salinity water use and impediment compaction acidification	improve nutrients improve stock management practices - traffic and stocking rates improve structure, pH and carbon status composting	
3.	<b>Existing native vegetation</b> - Landowners with native vegetation on their properties are required to protect it and should consider restoring them as important natural habitats and for the benefits they will bring to the property.		High Environmental Vegetation trees, shrubs grasses	revegetation buffering important HEV adopt a biodiversity agreement	
4.	List any qualities of existing vegetation or that could be brought from planting (particularly indigenous plant species)		windbreak rural amenity and landscape	microclimate slowing runoff flows pasture improvement	
5.	Waterway/drainage networks and dams Landowners with waterways and wetlands on their properties should consider protecting and restoring them as important natural habitats and for the benefits they will bring to the property. Click here to find out more: https://arrc.com.au/resources/managing- stock/		watercourse gully wetland dam current bores	dam proposed riparian restoration	

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In association with



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						pposed works or ions eg.	
	<ul> <li>Wildlife habitat areas and connections - Byron Shire has extremely high biodiversity at the ecosystem, species and genetic levels. Consider ways of connecting up vegetation to create corridors for free movement of wildlife across the property. This could also help provide a response to planning for climate change by better enabling species to move when conditions no longer suit them or when at risk such as a bushfire or flooding.</li> <li>Click here to find out more: http://www.byron.nsw.gov.au/biodiversity</li> </ul>		rock outcrops old trees pockets of threatened species		encouraging native bees creating corridors joining the Land for Wildlife (LFW) program		Page   5
6.	Pest plants / weed infestations – Most plants that are considered weeds are fast growing, opportunistic species that generally grow from clippings or have seeds that are easily dispersed. Click here to find out more: http://www.byron.nsw.gov.au/weed-profiles		trees water weed shrubs vines grasses		join in with Byron Shire Council's chemical free weed and pest control goal set for 5 years		
7.	Pest animal habitats - Pest animals are animals that have been introduced to Australia that have a negative impact on native plants and animals. Click here to find out more: <u>http://www.byron.nsw.gov.au/feral-animals-</u> wild-dogs-foxes-and-cats		birds wild dogs foxes rabbits feral cats cane toads		talk to neighbours about approaching Local Land Services to provide a baiting/trapping program or sharing the cost for a targeted wild dog trapping program for you area		
8.	Check with local water authority (DPI) regarding the availability and classification of water resources: Total farm water balance. Determine the amount of water required: domestic, stock, environmental, fire fighting and general farm water requirements and the amount that can be harvested.		domestic stock crop/irrigation fire fighting		additional rainwater tanks solar water pumps		
9.	Describe the surrounding land use for the general locality/area e.g. cropping, dairy, grazing, urban/rural, mixed farming etc. Understanding this aspect may help you to avoid or reduce land use conflict and interface issues Click here to find out more: http://www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/data/assets/pdf		separations prevailing wind directions		planted buffers connect with environmental enhancement work on neighbouring properties		





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	<u>file/0007/587185/NSW-Right-to-farm-policy-</u> summary final.pdf or							Page
	http://brunswickvalleylandcare.org.au/a- resource-kit-for-rural-landholders/							6
10.	Describe the existing and proposed use of the land - include predicted impacts of future use/change of use of the land/ animal husbandry – particularly potential impacts on direct neighbours and/or catchment issues.		vacant grazing		free ra	nge animals		
11.	Outline existing buildings, structures, servicing and infrastructure such a power lines including domestic area		House Shed Pumps Power					
12.	<b>Outline proposed buildings and structures</b> (if approval is required address requirements of the application) remember to check service supplier requirements, standards and availability such as power supply and telecommunications				road si shed pumps mains solar p	power		
13.	All existing and proposed roadways and tracks – are they accordance with any planning permit. Is access to the proposed dwelling/development via an all-weather road with dimensions adequate to accommodate property activity or emergency vehicles?		internal roads stock tracks walking tracks					
14.	All existing and proposed fences		temporary damaged fence		repaire	rary ed fence relocated		
15.	A detailed legend		scale property descriptior address details	۱		north point date and 'aut size in hectare		